Faculty	Management and Social Sciences		
Department	Sociology		
Course Title	Nigeria Criminal Procedure and Evidence II		
Year of Study	II		
Course Code	CSS 202		
Credit Hours	2		
<b>Contact Hours</b>	30		
Mode of Delivery	Classroom Lectures		
<b>Mode of Assessment</b>		Weight%	
		30%	
Final Examination	70%		
Total	100%		
Course	Mr. Babatunde S.O		
Lecture/Instructor			
<b>Course Description</b>	An overview at the history and development of the Nigerian Criminal Law		
	as a system of social control , the scope, purpose, and general principles		
	of criminal law; and the essential characteristics of various crimes.		
<b>Course Objectives</b>	At the end of this course students should be able to: Define Probable		
Ü	cause, Highlight the methods of establishment of probable cause, list		
	factors that assist the police in determining probable cause, define		
	search and seizure, identify four types of things that can be searched and		
	seized, define interrogation and interviewing, identify essential elements		
	that must be present before an arrest to take place, define stop and frisk,		
	discuss the guidelines that determine if a stop and frisk is valid, discuss		
	about the following: line ups, show ups, photographic identification, eye		
	witness identification.		
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>	At the end of the course, the students should be able to:		
8	Define Probable cause, Highlight the me		
	probable cause, list factors that assist t		
	probable cause, define search and seizu	-	
	things that can be searched and seized,	• • • •	
	interviewing, identify essential elements t	hat must be present before	
	an arrest to take place, define stop and fr	isk, discuss the guidelines	
	that determine if a stop and frisk is valid, of	liscuss about the following	
	: line ups, show ups, photographic id	lentification, eye witness	
	identification.		
Teaching and	The class will meet for two hours each week. Class time will be used		
Learning	for a combination of lectures and practical sessions		
<b>Detailed</b> Course	Probable cause defined, Highlight the methods of establishment of		
Content	probable cause, list factors that assist the police in determining probable		
	cause, explain the concept of search and seize		
	things that can be searched and seized, critical	any examine interrogation	

	an arrest to take place, define stop and frisk, discuss determine if a stop and frisk is valid, explanation on t	and interviewing, identify essential elements that must be present before an arrest to take place, define stop and frisk, discuss the guidelines that determine if a stop and frisk is valid, explanation on the following: line ups, show ups, photographic identification, eye witness identification.		
Course Content Sequencing				
Weeks	Detailed Course Outline	Allocated Time		
Week 1	Definition of probable cause, and concepts of probable cause	2 hours		
Week 2, 3	Methods of establishment of probable cause, policing and factors determining probable cause	4 Hours		
Week 4, 5, 6	Search and seizure, concept things to search for. Elements present before an arrest can take place	6 Hours		
Week 7, 8	Stop and frisk, guidelines to valid stop and frisk Interrogation and interviewing	4 Hours		
Week 9, 10, 11	explanation on the following: line ups, show ups, photographic identification, eye witness	6 Hours		

Week 12

Recommended Reading Material
ROLANDO V. DEL CARMEN SAM HOUSTON STATE UNIVERSITY 1977

identification.

Examination